



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS
Washington, D.C. 20231
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/007,222	11/02/2001	Ron Bergman	7432.116USU1	2696

23552 7590 04/21/2003

MERCHANT & GOULD PC
P.O. BOX 2903
MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402-0903

EXAMINER

BOTTORFF, CHRISTOPHER

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
----------	--------------

3618

DATE MAILED: 04/21/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

SL

Office Action Summary	Application No.		Applicant(s)	
	10/007,222		BERGMAN, RON	
	Examiner		Art Unit	
	Christopher Bottorff		3618	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 November 2001 .
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-21 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 5 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 14 March 2002 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☒ objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
 If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
 * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
 a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Priority

Applicant has not complied with one or more conditions for receiving the benefit of an earlier filing date under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) as follows:

An application in which the benefits of an earlier application are desired must contain a specific reference to the prior application(s) in the first sentence of the specification of in an application data sheet (37 CFR 1.78(a)(2) and (a)(5)). The specific reference to any prior nonprovisional application must include the relationship (i.e., continuation, divisional, or continuation-in-part) between the applications except when the reference is to a prior application of a CPA assigned the same application number.

Drawings

The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(5) because they do not include the following reference sign(s) mentioned in the description: 14 and 35. A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Objections

Claims 7 and 14 are objected to because of the following informalities: In line 2 of claim 7, the expression "has defines" is unclear and would be more clearly expressed

Art Unit: 3618

if the term "has" was deleted. In line 2 of claim 14, the term "an" should be "a".

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 7, 9-14, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 7 recites the limitation "said hood" in line 3. Claim 9 recites the limitation "said second portion" in line 1. There is insufficient antecedent basis for these limitations in the claims. Claims 7 and 9 would be clearer if they depended from claims 2 and 3 respectively.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 19, and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Powell et al. US 6,167,862.

Art Unit: 3618

Powel et al. discloses an air intake system for a vehicle, in the form of an air cleaner or filtration system, having an air intake 18, an engine inlet in communication with the air intake, and a screen 140 interposed between the air intake and the engine air inlet. See Figures 1 and 2; column 2, lines 55-61, and column 3, lines 6-10. An air flow path flows from the air intake, through the screen, and to the engine air inlet such that the air passing through the screen must rise while passing through the screen. This screen arrangement allows debris filtered from the air flowing through the screen to be pulled away from the screen by gravity.

In regard to claim 21, the system of Powel et al. operates according to a method in which air is drawn through the air intake into an air flow path, then the air is drawn from the air intake and through the screen such that the air rises while passing through the screen, and then the air is drawn from the air flow path into an engine air inlet. See column 2, line 55, through column 3, line 10.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2-4, 6-8, 15, 17, 18, and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Powel et al. US 6,167,862 in view of Martenas et al. US 5,199,522.

Art Unit: 3618

Powel et al. does not disclose a hood structure that defines the air intake or a vehicle with a windshield. However, Martenas et al. teaches that the practice of using a hood 5 to define an air intake for a vehicle air intake system was old and well known in the art at the time the invention was made. See Figures 1-4. The system of Martenas et al. includes a hood 5 with a first portion 23 and a second portion 21, 22 that is engaged to the first portion and is vertically displaced above the first portion. The first and second portions cooperate to define the air intake at aperture 27 and extending through plenum 19. An underlying part 24 of the first portion underlies the second portion and the second portion extends horizontally beyond the air intake. Also, the second portion is removable from the first portion.

The air intake defines substantially zero area of projection on a plane above the hood as viewed from above the hood. An air plenum 15 defines at least a part of the air flow path and is in communication with the engine air inlet via the air cleaner 14. Also, the air intake system includes a further air intake 29, and the vehicle includes an operator's cab 6 arranged such that the forward face of the cab is positioned between the air intake and an operator of the vehicle.

From the teachings of Martenas et al., extending the system of Powel et al. such that the air intake is defined by a hood would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made. The air cleaner of Powel et al. would serve as a replacement for the air cleaner of Martenas et al. This would provide an air intake system that effectively provides the engine with clean air while allowing clear

Art Unit: 3618

access to engine compartment components for maintenance and making the hood more rigid to reduce vibration.

In regard to claim 6, integrally forming the first and second portions represents a matter of obvious design choice that does not show insight that is contrary to the understandings and expectations of the prior art. Providing the first and second portions of Martenas et al. as an integrally formed piece would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made in order to reduce the number of components requiring assembly.

In regard to claim 18, the examiner takes official notice that operator cabs, like the cab taught by Martenas et al., commonly have windshields at the forward face of the cab. Providing the system of Martenas et al., on a vehicle with a windshield between the air intake and the operator would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made. This would help insulate the operator from the noise of the engine compartment.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 5 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claims 9-14 and 16 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Art Unit: 3618

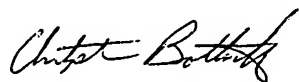
Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Fields et al., Jacobson, Thornburgh, Boyer, Knapp, Inagawa et al., Yamashita et al., Kargilis, Umeoha et al., Cottureau et al., Vaillancourt et al., and Krapfl et al. disclose vehicle air intake systems.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christopher Bottorff whose telephone number is (703) 308-2183. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. 7:30 a.m. - 4:00 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brian Johnson can be reached on (703) 308-0885. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 305-7687 for regular communications and (703) 305-7687 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.



Christopher Bottorff
April 16, 2003